- b. Psychodynamic paradigm
- c. Humanistic and existential paradigm
- d. Behavioral/learning paradigm
- e. Cognitive paradigm
- F. Psychological Disorders (characteristics, etiology, and treatment):
  - a. Anxiety disorders
  - b. Somatoform and Dissociative Disorders
  - c. Mood Disorders
  - d. Schizophrenia
  - e. Substance-related Disorders
  - f. Personality Disorders
  - g. Sexual Dysfunctions and Gender Identity Disorders
  - h. Disorders of Childhood and Adolescence
  - i. Eating Disorders

G. Outcomes and Issues of Psychological Intervention H.

## 4. Methods of Instruction:

Discussion: Lecture:

**5. Methods of Evaluation:** Describe the general types of evaluations for this course and provide at least two, specific examples.

## Typical classroom assessment techniques

Exams/Tests --Quizzes --Papers --Final Exam --Mid Term --

Additional assessment information:

Quizzes and examinations -

For example:

1. Multiple choice and short answer quizzes

Example questions:

a) Which of the following is not a typical characteristic of schizophrenia? iple choice920qBst2dt466tsW2056qlaizsesfrqBitzzes fnjBitzzes fnjBitzzes

Letter Grade or P/NP

**6. Assignments:** State the general types of assignments for this course under the following categories and provide at least two specific examples for each section.

A. Reading Assignments Textbook readings -

For example,

1. Read Chapter 8 on treatments for depressive and bipolar disorders in "Abnormal Psychology"

2. Read Chapter 12 on substance use and addictive disorders in "Abnormal Psychology" B. Writing Assignments

Term paper and/or case study analysis -

For example,

1. In class group analysis of case studies including 5 axis diagnosis, etiology of pathology from various theoretical perspectives and treatment planning based on empirical research of efficacy outcome studies.

2. Term Paper (4 to 8 pages) - The instructor will provide essays on both sides of a curr3(g)-8(s) [Fo)4(r)-3()-4(ex)1361nments: